## REASONS

Humbly Offered

Against part of the Bill For the better Viewing, Searching, and Examining Drugs, Medicines, &c.
till red 12 Feb. 1724.

HAT the Apothecaries are far from being averse from any, more reasonable provision which may be made, to prevent the Sale of Unwholsom and Desective Medicines, but humbly conceive the Powers constituting the Censors Judges, Partys and Witnesses, and the subjecting the Properties of Numbers of Persons to be Arbitrarily Destroyed, and their Reputation ruined, without reasonable time to make a proper Desence, are unusual, and what no other part of His Majestys Subjects are liable to, even the accused of the greatest Crimes.

By the immediate destroying the Drugs and Medicines, all opportunity of Appeal, or reviewing the Sentence of the Censors, (which may be as hasty and sudden as they think sit,) is taken away, which is conceived is the right of every Subject; and that such a Power cannot safely be granted to any inserior Judicature.

This Province of Searching will probably in Time be left to Junior Physicians, who have the most Leisure, and how far they may have qualify'd themselves for so high a Trust, will be hard to say, considering the great Number of Drugs and Simples used in Physick, and the almost insuperable Difficulty of judging of Compounds, which none can be supposed to do but those that have been long versed in the making of them.

That the Company of Apotheraries have already by Charter a Correction of their own Members, and Power to Fine them for bad Medicines, which they constantly put in Practice, by frequent Searches and Fine And in Fact, the great Quantity of faulty and defective Drugs and Medicines made and vended, (especial in the Country) cannot in Justice be applyed to their Body; it being notorious that the North of is chiefly supplyed from York, and the West from Bristol, and the rest by a few Chymists and Druggs carry and hawk their Medicines about. Nor have the Company been deficient in using their utmost Endevours for promoting the Knowledge of Drugs and Simples, and the instructing their Members therein.

By obliging all their Apprentices to a Service of Eight Years.

By appointing at their Charge several publick Days of Herbarizing in each Year, with proper Leaders. By establishing at a very great Expence a publick Physick Garden at Chelsea, the only one of Note in the Nation, wherein they have of late been much encouraged and favoured by the great Liberality of a vereinnent and learned Physician.

By crecting a publick Elaboratory for the genuine Preparation of all Chymical Medicines (being the mo

difficult to be judged of) in such a Manner as may be depended upon

Which Methods have had their desired Esfects, and they believe they may without Vanity assume that Materia Medica is no where better, or more generally known, and taken Care of than amongst the Membos of their Society, which chiefly consists of those that have been the Sons of the Reverend the Clergy, and Gentlemen. And for Proof of this amongst other Things, crave Leave to appeal to the great and some perionce which has been made of their Behaviour in this Matter, during their Service of his Majesty in Fleet, and the East-India and Somb-Sea Companys, for their Factorys.

It's humbly conceiv'd, that if there had been so great Reason of Complaint against the Ambreway about London, as is infinuated, some Notice thereof would have come from the Nobility Communitiens whom they attend; but that not appearing, and the College being the only Promoter of the humbly submitted whether other Considerations of Power and immediate Interest, may not be the

inducements thereto.

That if the Bill does pals, it's apprehended the same cannot be of any Advantage to the Country sides the great Quantitys of Medicines made at Tork and Briffel, it will be easy for the Country have given the Occasion for this Bill) to keep Ware-Houses without the Seven Wiles, and from the on their private Dealings.

It's therefore hoped, that no specious Pretences what sovercivil the thought sufficient to introduce and Unlimited Power, or put the Apothecarys upder a Necessary we submitted to introduce be imposed on them, by those who have their Fortunes and Respections in their Power, we their Votes on Elections, or otherwise.

Entibly Offices